



# Sustainable Energy

Affordable Sustainable Energy for your business



## CSIR cost study shows new solar, wind to be 40% cheaper than new coal





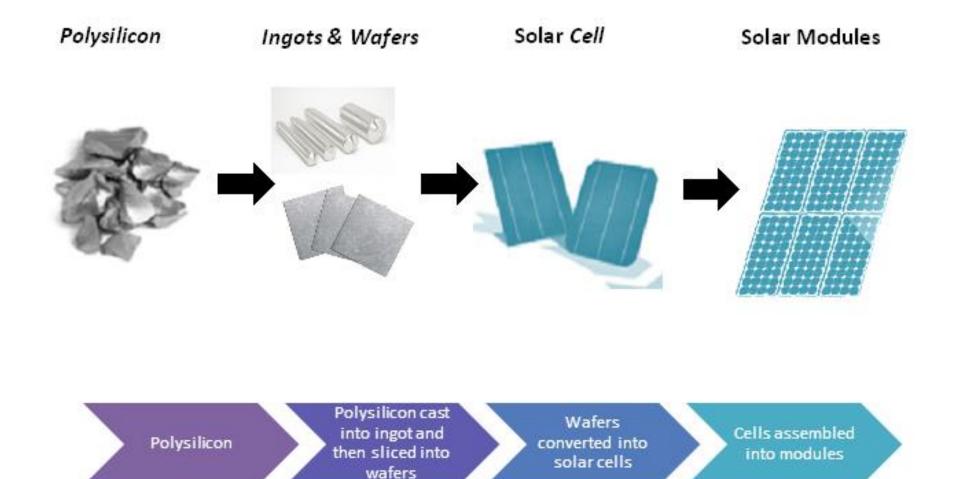


## **Costs in Context**

The model shows that, in combining the 62c/kWh from wind and solar PV, with flexible solutions such as gas, which are "pessimistically" assumed to carry a cost of 200c/kWh, the outcome is a "blended cost" of just 90c/kWh. Such an outcome is cheaper than both base load coal of 103c/kWh and the 117c/kWh to 130c/kWh currently assumed for nuclear.

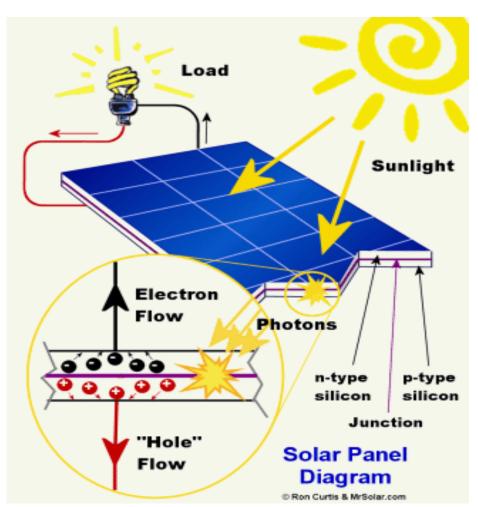


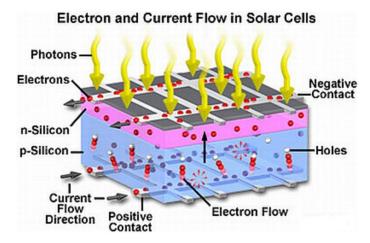
## What does PV panels consist off

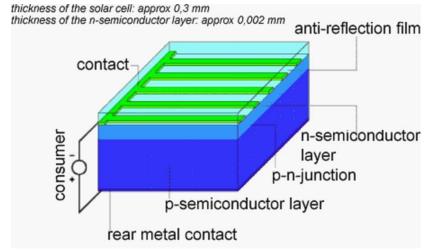


# How does a PV panel generate electricity?



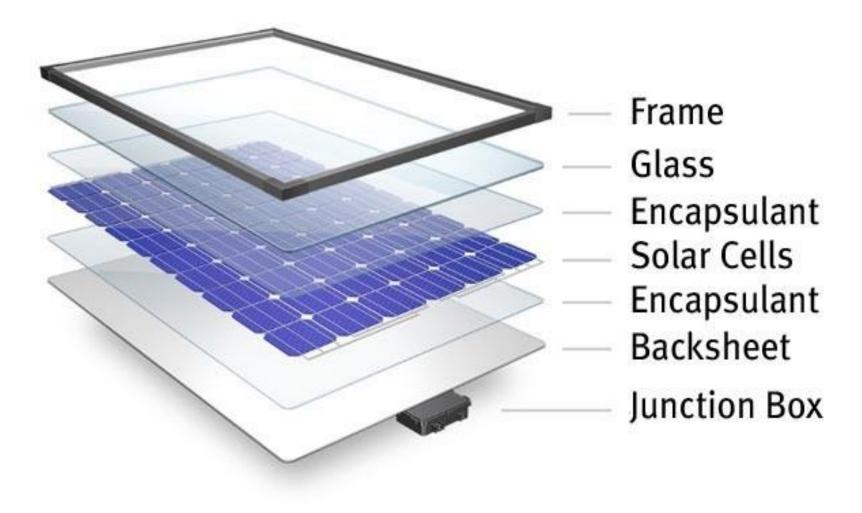








# **PV Panel Components**





## Typical PV panel specifications



insurance-backed warranty non-cancelable, immediate warranty insurance linear power output warranty



product warranty on materials and workmanship



Excellent module efficiency up to 16.47%

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA | STC\***

Electrical Data CS6P 260P
Nominal Max. Power (Pmax) 260 W

#### **ELECTRICAL DATA | NOCT\***

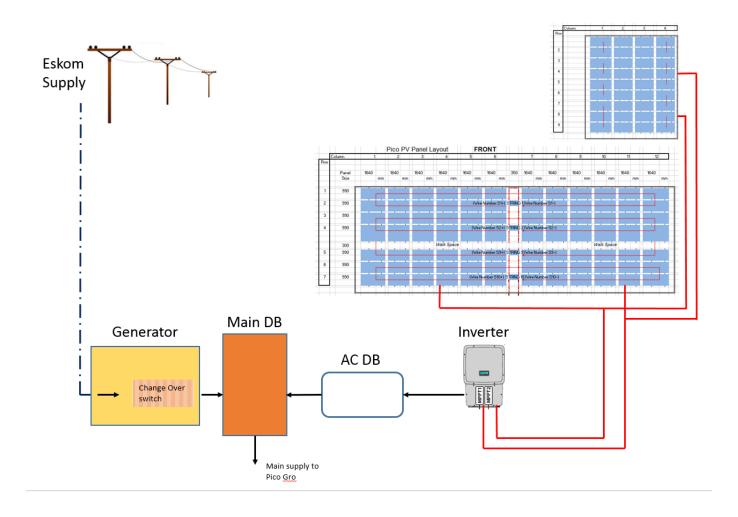
Electrical Data CS6P 260P
Nominal Max. Power (Pmax) 189 W

#### TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

SpecificationDataTemperature Coefficient (Pmax)-0.41% / °C



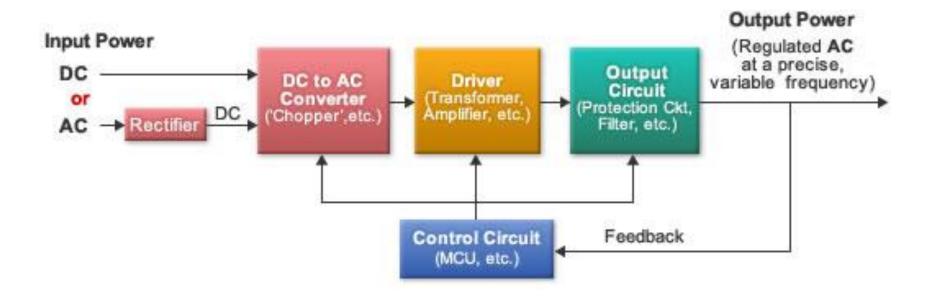
# Typical PV Grid Tie System (No - Batteries)





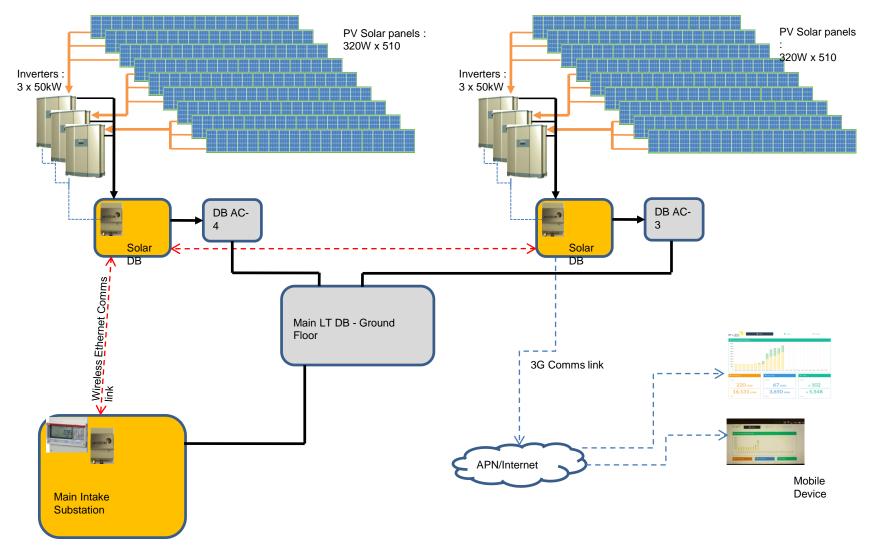
#### How does the Grid Tie Inverter work?

### The inverter's output is an AC voltage that is precisely controlled in both amplitude and frequency



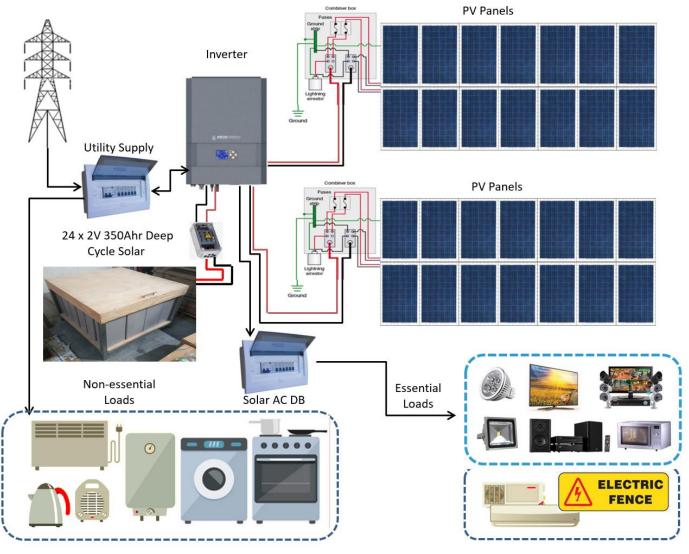
# Larger PV Grid-Tie System (no batteries)







# PV Hybrid System (with batteries)





## Typical Roof Installation



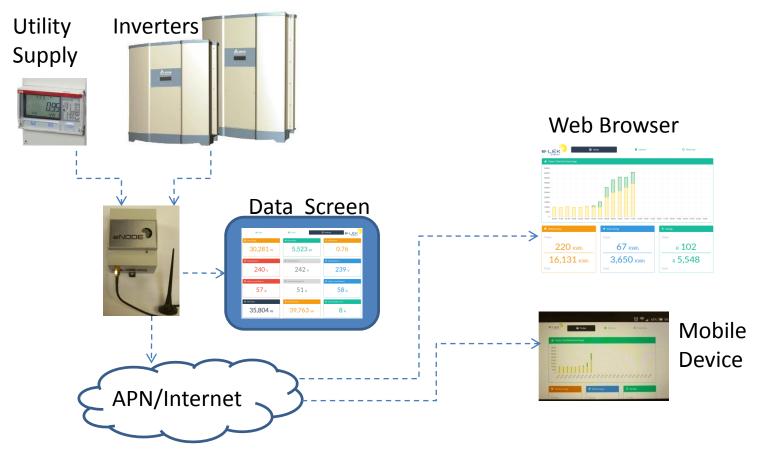


## Typical Roof Installation



# eSEMS Smart Energy Monitoring System

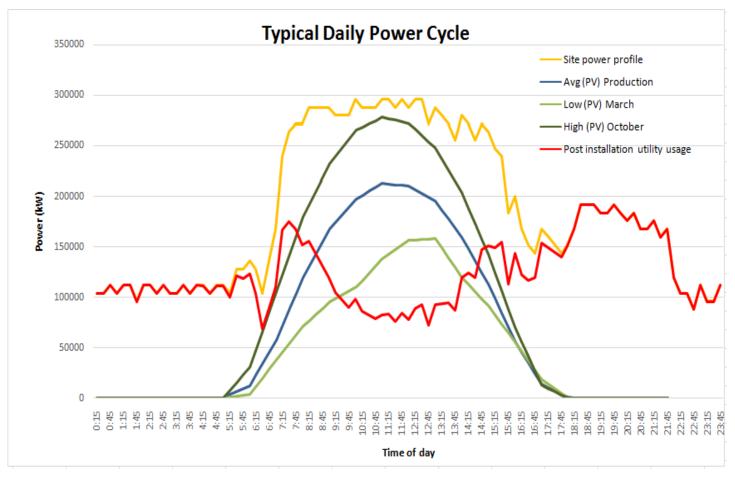




Web based and include energy limiting algorhythm



# **Energy Profile**



Measurements for daily and weekly usage profiles



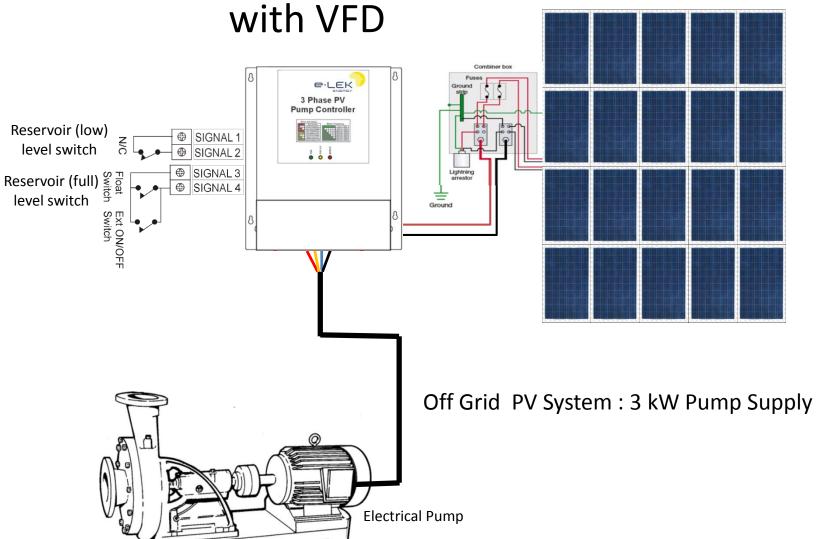
# **Energy Profile**

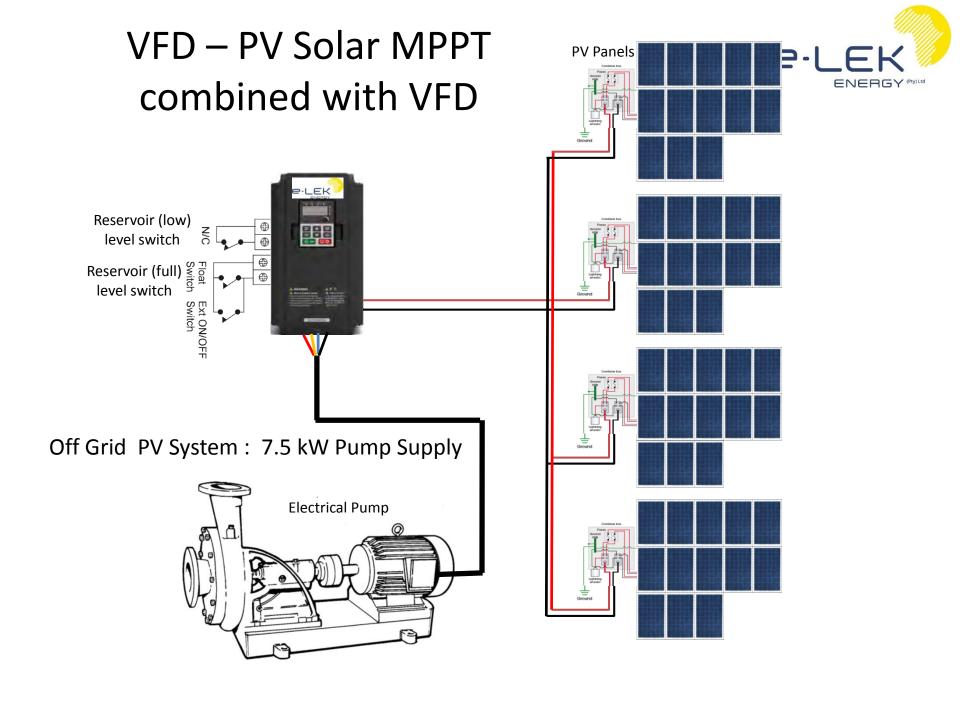


Agri - tunnel energy profile perfect for PV solar application

## VFD – PV Solar MPPT combined







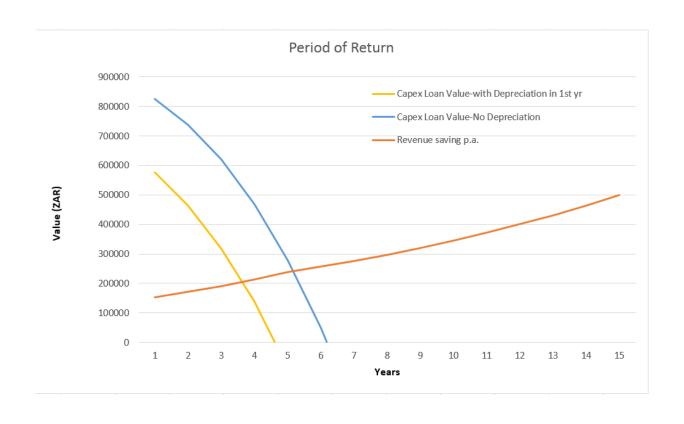


# Financial Model

- Straight buy
  - Typical payback period 5 to 7 years
  - System guaranteed output 25 to 30 years
- Buy only renewable energy
  - Electrical energy cost available for less than the utility
  - Long term agreement
  - T&C s apply
  - Stay property of e-LEK



## Return on Investment



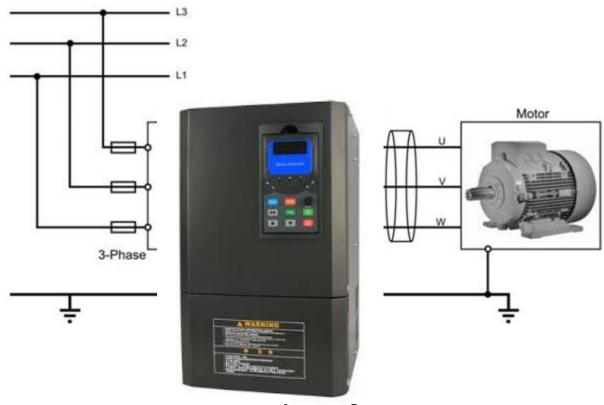
Agri – tunnels application leads PV energy system high production yield



Q & A

Thank you!



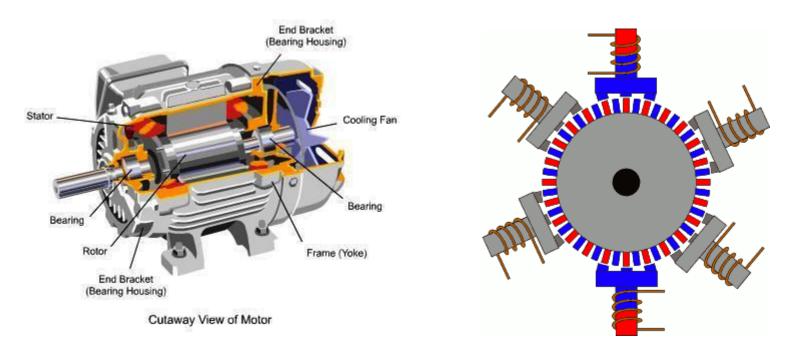


Example of VFD

# VFD – Variable Frequency Drive ∈ LE 3 phase AC motor construction

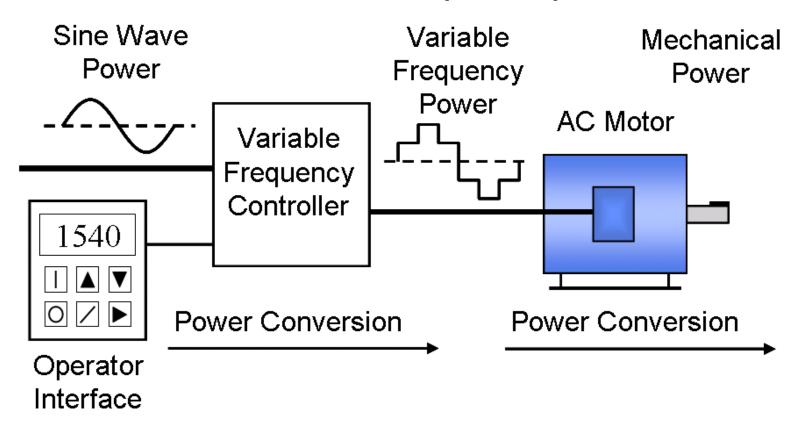


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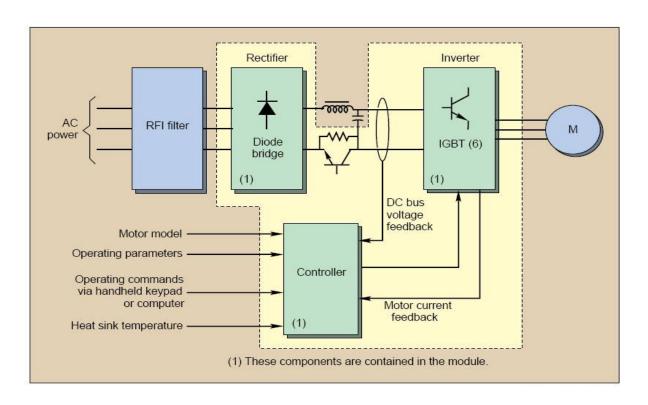
 The speed of a 3 phase AC motor is determined by the number of poles and the frequency of the AC power supply





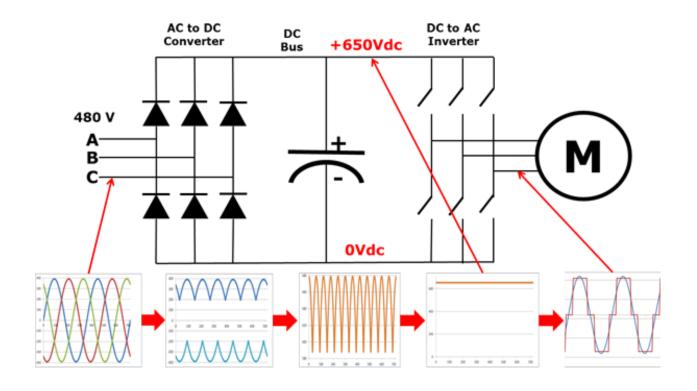
 The VFD control the speed of a 3 phase AC induction motor by changing the frequency (and Voltage) of the AC power supplied to the motor.





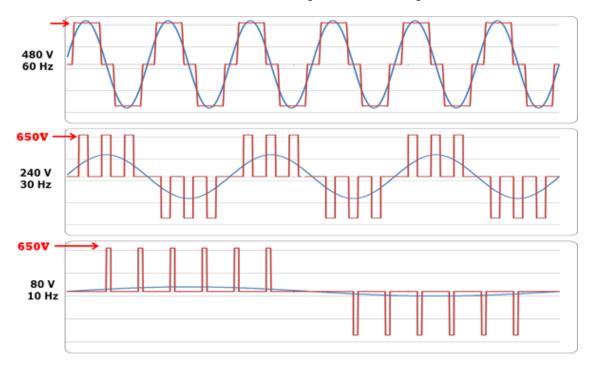
The VFD Block diagram – Major functions and feedback loops





The VFD Block diagram – waveforms

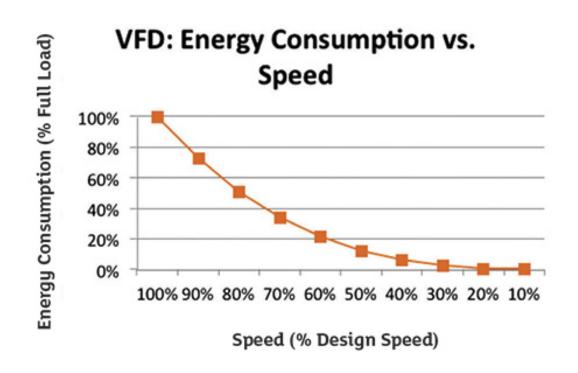




The output from the VFD is a "rectangular" wave form. VFD's do not produce a sinusoidal output. This rectangular waveform would not be a good choice for a general purpose distribution system, but is perfectly adequate for a motor



## VFD – Main Advantages



Flow is proportional to speed directly.

Power is proportional to the cube of speed.

$$\frac{P1}{P2} = \left(\frac{N1}{N2}\right)^3$$

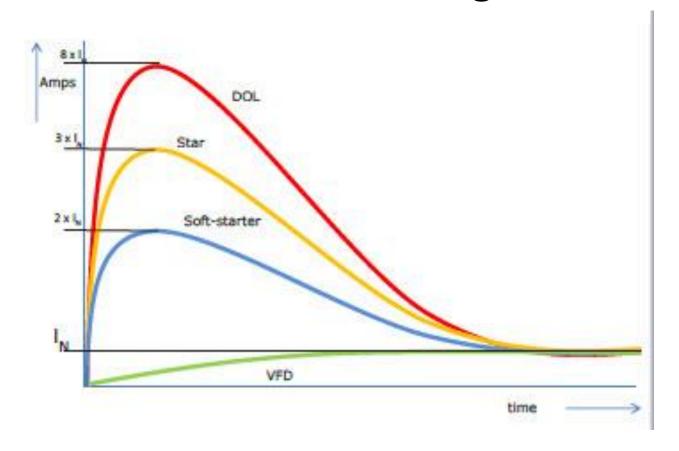
Example: 80% flow

$$(0.8)^3 = 0.512 \text{ or } 51\% \text{ HP}$$

- Energy Saving 20% drop in speed yield 50% in energy saving
  - applications that does not need to be run at full speed continuously such as the fans of agricultural tunnels



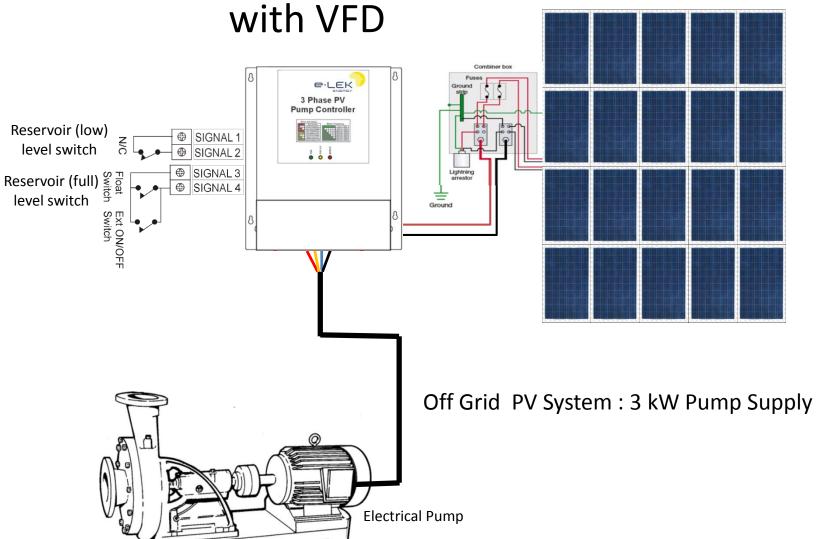
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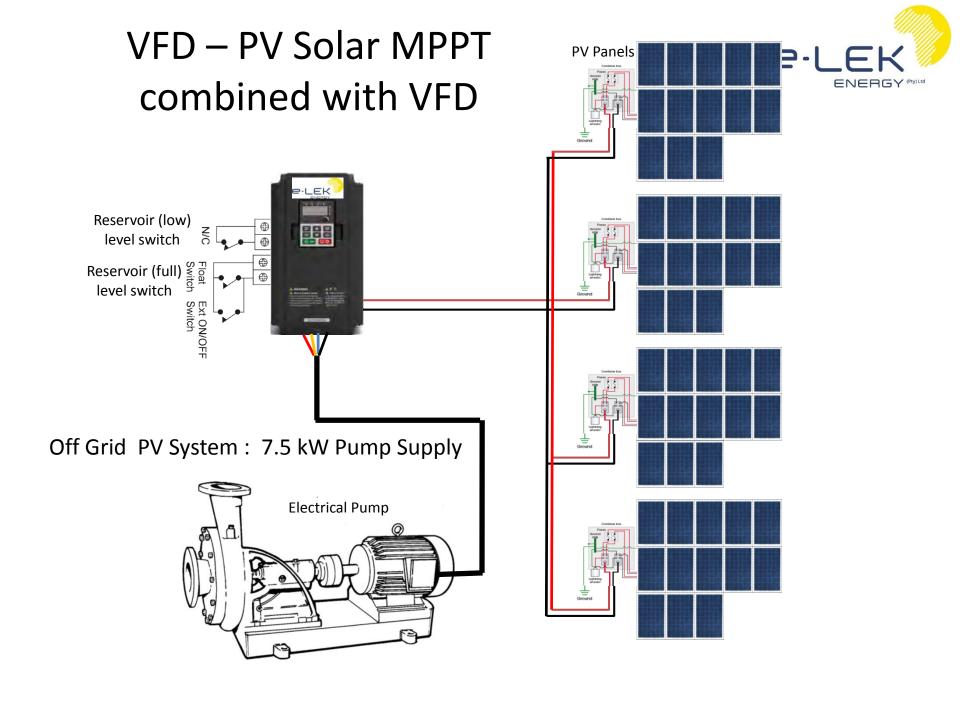


- Reducing the startup current of 3 phase AC motors
  - Reduced requirement in the capacity of power supply and generators

## VFD – PV Solar MPPT combined









Q & A

Thank you!